

TRIPARTITE 2023

TOKYO, 09-10 NOVEMBER 2023

Session 3 - Strategic issues EU ETS & FuelEU Maritime

Benoît Loicq – SEA Europe

European Green Deal – Fit for 55 legislative package:

European ambition to become the world's first climate-neutral continent by 2050

Climate Social

Fund

EU Emissions Trading System

for power, industry maritime &

aviation

2030

CLIMATE

TARGETS

Alternative

Fuels Infrastructure

Regulation

ReFuelEU Aviation Initiative

Energy

Taxation

Directive

Energy

Directive

FuelEU

Maritime

Initiative

Emissions trading road transport

and buildings

Land Use,

Land Use

Change, and

Forestry

Regulation

Effort Sharing

Regulation

CO,

emissions

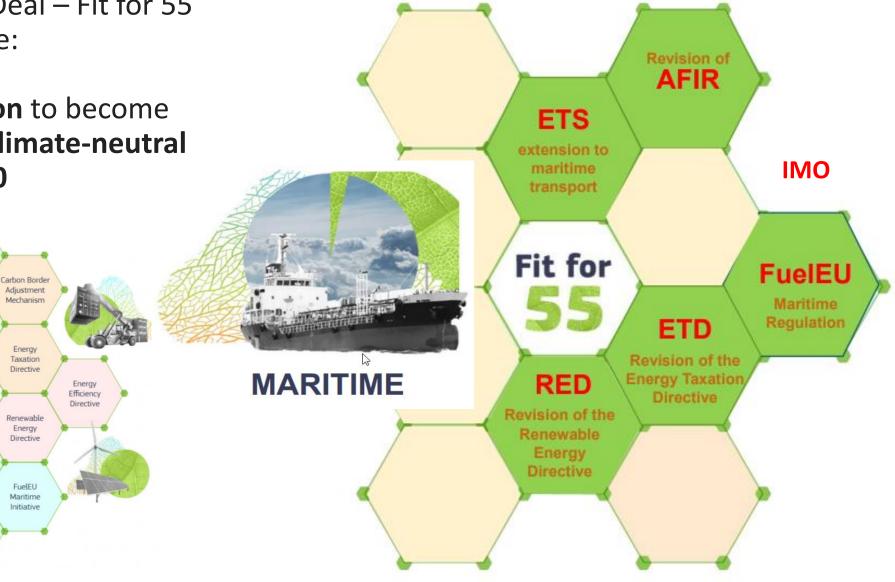
standards

for cars and

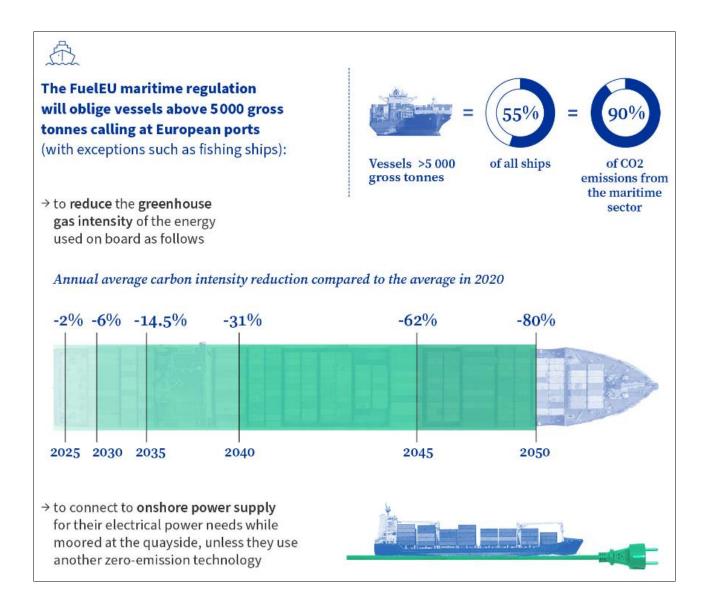
vans

EU Forest

Strategy



FuelEU Maritime



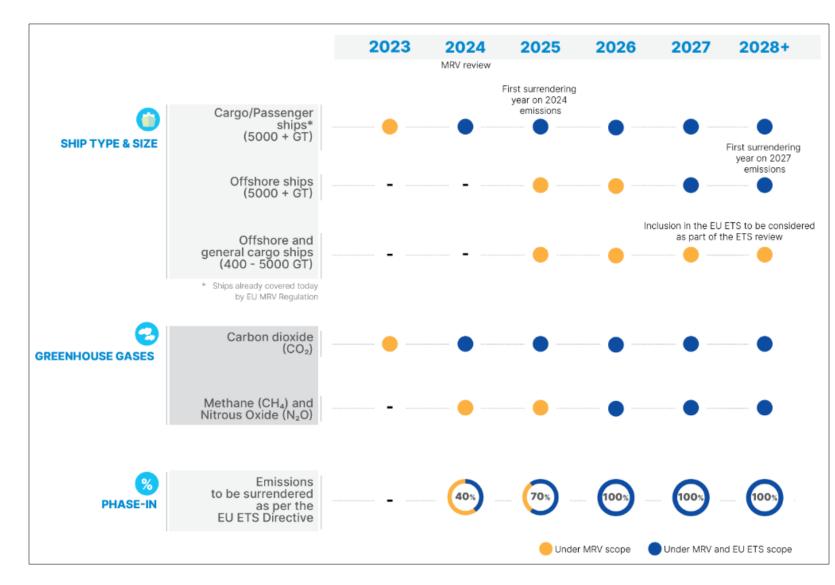
- Establishes a limit on the yearly average GHG intensity of the energy used onboard (gCO2eq/MJ)
- Scope: 5.000 GT / 100% EU 50% INT.
- Rewarding emission factors for sustainable fuels
- Responsible entity: Shipping Company
- EU MRV-like reporting scheme
- Compliance (DOC)- Pooling
- Financial penalties on a ship basis / Ship exclusion from EU ports

• Specific technology issue: Zero-emission at berth requirement

Zero-emission at berth requirement

- As from 2030 : container and passenger ships to connect to OPS
- Exemption: use of ZET (No GHG and No pollutants tail-pipe emissions)
- Electrical demand at berth only Not thermal needs
- Way forward (still under discussion):
 - GHG: WtW approach
 - Pollutants: identification of minimum thresholds for detectability + Abatement technologies
 - 'Equivalence approach' Overall emissions reduction at berth

Inclusion of shipping into EU ETS



- Expansion of EU MRV
- Scope: 5.000 GT / 100% EU 50% INT.
- Phased-in implementation 2025-2027
- CO2, CH4 and N2O Monitoring and Allowances surrendering
- Cap and Trade system
- Responsible entity: Shipping Company
- EU administrating authority
- Non-compliance: entire fleet exclusion from EU ports

Specific technology issue: OCCS

Onboard Carbon Capture Systems

- European legal framework in place
- Emissions not directly released into atmosphere still require surrendering allowances Exceptions.
- Challenges:
 - Requirements for 'Permanently chemically bound'
 - OCCS certification
 - Better custody chain understanding

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• International rules

[TRIPARTITE role?]



Thank you.

Contact: Benoît Loicq bl@seaeurope.eu www.seaeurope.eu

